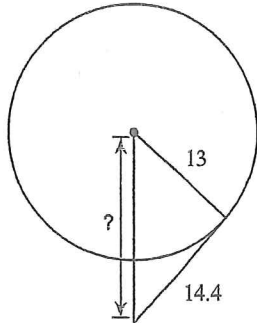


Find the segment length indicated. Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.

1)

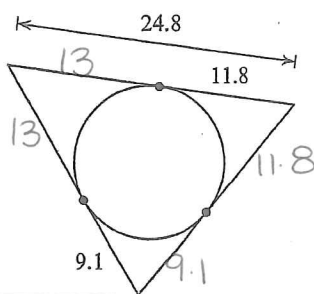


$$13^2 + 14.4^2 = x^2$$

- A) 13.9
- B) 12.7
- C) 19.4
- D) 15.1

Find the perimeter of each polygon. Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.

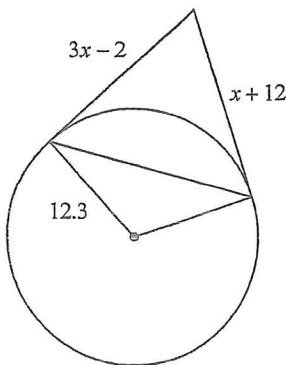
2)



- A) 67.8
- B) 50.9
- C) 48.7
- D) 94.9

Solve for x . Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.

3)



$$3x - 2 = x + 12$$

$$2x = 14$$

- A) 2
- B) 7
- C) 10
- D) 4

Find the measure of the arc or angle indicated. Assume that lines which appear tangent are tangent.

4) 252° $\angle = \frac{1}{2}(\text{outer} - \text{inner})$
 $\angle = \frac{1}{2}(252^\circ - 108^\circ)$

A) 72° B) 49°
 C) 79° D) 74°

5) $56 = \frac{1}{2}(2x - 360)$
 $112 = 2x - 360$
 $472 = 2x$
 $236 = x$

A) 236° B) 217°
 C) 208° D) 180°

6) $\angle UVW = \frac{1}{2}(\widehat{UV})$
 $= \frac{1}{2}(132)$

A) 78° B) 33°
 C) 47° D) 66°

7) $360^\circ - 90^\circ$

A) 270° B) 225°
 C) 240° D) 290°

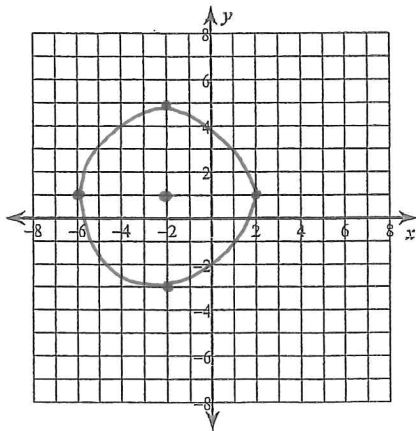
Equations of Circles Hwk #2

Identify the center and radius of each. Then sketch the graph.

1) $(x+2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 16$

center: $(-2, 1)$

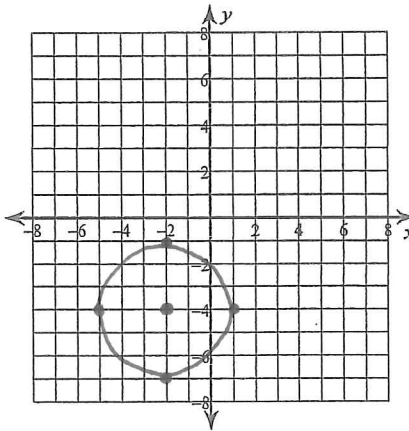
radius: 4



2) $(x+2)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 9$

center: $(-2, -4)$

radius: 3



Identify the center and radius of each.

3) $(x+15)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 9$

center: $(-15, 4)$

radius: 3

4) $(x-7)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 121$

center: $(7, 3)$

radius: 11

Use the information provided to write the equation of each circle.

5) Center: $(10, -3)$

Radius: 7

$(x-10)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 49$

6) Center: $(-11, -15)$

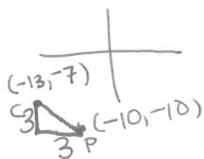
Radius: 4

$(x+11)^2 + (y+15)^2 = 16$

7) Center: $(-13, -7)$

Point on Circle: $(-10, -10)$

$3^2 + 3^2 = r^2$
 $3\sqrt{2} = r$

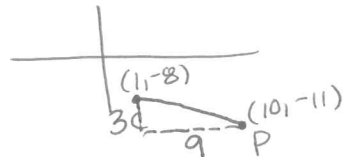


$(x+13)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 18$

8) Center: $(1, -8)$

Point on Circle: $(10, -11)$

$3^2 + 9^2 = r^2$
 $3\sqrt{10} = r$

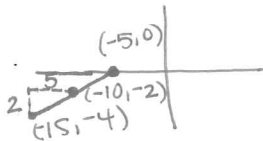


$(x-1)^2 + (y+8)^2 = 90$

9) Ends of a diameter: $(-5, 0)$ and $(-15, -4)$

center: $(-10, -2)$

$5^2 + 2^2 = r^2$
 $\sqrt{29} = r$

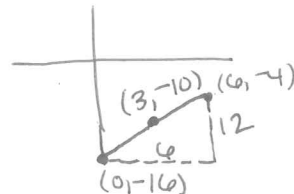


$(x+10)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 29$

10) Ends of a diameter: $(6, -4)$ and $(0, -16)$

center: $(3, -10)$

$6^2 + 12^2 = r^2$
 $\sqrt{180} = r$
 $6\sqrt{5} = r$



$(x-3)^2 + (y+10)^2 = 180$